

Fitting background Pdf check

2D background is estimated by:

$$PDF_{bkg}(x, y) = \text{Argus}(x; m_x, z_x, \rho_x) \times \text{Argus}(y; m_y, z_y, \rho_y) \times \text{Student}(x - y; \mu, \sigma(x + y), N).$$

$$\text{Student}(Q; \mu, \sigma, N) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{N+1}{2}\right)}{\sigma\sqrt{N\pi}\Gamma\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)} \left[1 + \frac{1}{N} \left(\frac{Q - \mu}{\sigma}\right)^2\right]^{-\frac{N+1}{2}}.$$

$$\text{Argus}(x; m, z, \rho) = Cx \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{m^2}\right)^\rho e^{z\left(1 - \frac{x^2}{m^2}\right)}$$

bkgFunction :

```
59 const double Igamma0 = -(degreeF+1.0)/2.0;//degreeF:N
60 const double Igamma1 = (degreeF+1.0)/2.0;
61 const double Igamma2 = degreeF/2.0;
62 const double Ipar3 = degreeF*TMath::Pi();
63 const double Ipar4 = ((x-y-mean)/Isigma0) * ((x-y-mean)/Isigma0);
64 const double Ipar5 = 1.0 + Ipar4/degreeF;
65
66 const double gamma1 = TMath::Gamma(Igamma1);
67 const double gamma2 = TMath::Gamma(Igamma2);
68 const double par3 = TMath::Sqrt(Ipar3);
69 const double par5 = TMath::Power(Ipar5,Igamma0);
70
71 double StudentT;
72
73 if((degreeF > 0) && (mt > (x+y))){
74     StudentT = (gamma1 * par5) / (Isigma0 * gamma2 * par3);
75 }else{
76     StudentT = 0.0;
77 }
78
79 double Argus_x = 0;
80 if(x<mx){
81     Argus_x = x*(TMath::Power((1-(x/mx)*(x/mx)), rx))*exp(zx*(1-(x/mx)
82 )*(x/mx)));
83 }
84 double Argus_y = 0;
85 if(y<my){
86     Argus_y = y*(TMath::Power((1-(y/my)*(y/my)), ry))*exp(zy*(1-(y/my)
87 )*(y/my))); }
88
89 double value = StudentT * Argus_x * Argus_y;
90 return value;
```

Student

Argus x

Argus y

Argus x Argus y Student

```
bkgPdf[g][y] = new bkgFunc(namebkgPdf[g][y],namebkgPdf[g][y],
*Valx[g][y], *Valy[g][y], mu, degreeF, sigma0, *mt_xy[g][y], gs, gs0
, *mt_x[g][y], *mt_y[g][y], kx, ky, rho_x, rho_y);
```

RooGenericPdf :

```
53 const double Igamma0 = -(degreeF+1.0)/2.0;//degreeF:N
54 const double Igamma1 = (degreeF+1.0)/2.0;
55 const double Igamma2 = degreeF/2.0;
56 const double Ipar3 = degreeF*TMath::Pi();
57 const double Ipar4 = ((x-y-mean)/Isigma0) * ((x-y-mean)/Isigma0);
58 const double Ipar5 = 1.0 + Ipar4/degreeF;
59
60 const double gamma1 = TMath::Gamma(Igamma1);
61 const double gamma2 = TMath::Gamma(Igamma2);
62 const double par3 = TMath::Sqrt(Ipar3);
63 const double par5 = TMath::Power(Ipar5,Igamma0);
64
65 double StudentT;
66
67 if((degreeF > 0) && (mt > (x+y))){
68     StudentT = (gamma1 * par5) / (Isigma0 * gamma2 * par3);
69 }else{
70     StudentT = 0.0;
71 }
72
73 return StudentT;
```

Student

```
StudentT[g][y] = new RooStudentT(namestudentT[g][y],namestude
ntT[g][y], *Valx[g][y], *Valy[g][y], mu, degreeF, sigma0, *mt_xy[g][y]
, gs, gs0);
```

```
argusx[g][y] = new RooArgusBG(nameargusx[g][y], nameargusx[g]
[y], *Valx[g][y], *mt_x[g][y], kx, rho_x);
argusy[g][y] = new RooArgusBG(nameargusy[g][y], nameargusy[g]
[y], *Valy[g][y], *mt_y[g][y], ky, rho_y);
```

Argus x

Argus y

```
bkgpdf[g][y] = new RooGenericPdf(namebkgpdf[g][y], "@0*@1*@2"
, RooArgList(*argusx[g][y],*argusy[g][y],*StudentT[g][y]));
```

`RooProdPdf` constructs the product of N PDFs:

$$P = P_0(x_1, x_2) \cdot P_1(y_1, y_2, \dots) \cdot P_2(z_1, z_2, \dots) \cdot \dots \cdot P_n(w_1, w_2, \dots)$$

Build 2
Gaussian
PDFs

```
// Build two Gaussian PDFs
RooRealVar x("x", "x", -5, 5) ;
RooRealVar y("y", "y", -5, 5) ;
RooGaussian gaussx("gaussx", "gaussx", x, meanx, sigmax) ;
RooGaussian gaussy("gaussy", "gaussx", y, meany, sigmay) ;

// Multiply the components
RooProdPdf prod("gaussxy", "gaussx*gaussy",
                RooArgList(gaussx, gaussy)) ;
```

Component PDFs may not share dependents
e.g. $\text{pdf}_1(\mathbf{x}, y) * \text{pdf}_2(\mathbf{x}, z)$ not allowed

Such forms are not very common,
but can be performed with `RooGenericPdf`
Shared parameters no problem

Normalization
more complicated

Comparison of the fitting result

	inclusive 1×10^{-4} (偏高, 实际 $> 1 \times 10^{-4}$)	data
my result	-	$(1.72 \pm 0.67) \times 10^{-4}$
bkg Function value = Argus \times Argus \times Student \rightarrow Pdf	$(1.30 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{-4}$	$(1.63 \pm 0.65) \times 10^{-4}$
RooGenericPdf	$(3.71 \pm 265) \times 10^{-9}$	10^{-10} at limit

backup

My fitting code

定义六个（组）变量

定义一个全局变量

```
RooRealVar* Valx[TOTENERGY];  
RooRealVar* Valy[TOTENERGY];
```

```
RooRealVar* Valx = new RooRealVar("sigmBC_d", "sigmBC_d", 2.2, MAXMbcVal);  
RooRealVar* Valy = new RooRealVar("tagmBC_d", "tagmBC_d", 2.2, MAXMbcVal);
```

```
for(int k=INIENERGY; k<TOTENERGY; k++)  
{  
    int ENERGY = LambdacENESidx(k);  
    double ecm = LambdacEcms(ENERGY);  
  
    Valx[k] = new RooRealVar("sigmBC_d", "sigmBC_d", MinValue[k], MAXMbcVal);  
    Valy[k] = new RooRealVar("tagmBC_d", "tagmBC_d", MinValue[k], MAXMbcVal);  
}
```

```
data[k] = new RooDataSet(MbcDataStr[k], MbcDataStr[k], RooArgSet(*Valx[k], *Valy[k]), Import(*t_data[k]));
```

```
data[k] = new RooDataSet(MbcDataStr[k], MbcDataStr[k], RooArgSet(*Valx, *Valy), Import(*t_data[k]));
```

```
combDatas[k] = new RooDataSet(ComDataStr[k], "combined data", RooArgSet(*Valx[k], *Valy[k]),  
Index(sample), Import(SamplesStr[k], *data[k]));
```

```
combDatas[k] = new RooDataSet(ComDataStr[k], "combined data", RooArgSet(*Valx, *Valy),  
Index(sample), Import(SamplesStr[k], *data[k]));
```

```
Signal[k] = new RooHistPdf(signal[k], "sigPdf", RooArgSet(*Valx[k], *Valy[k]), *SigHistMC[k], 1);
```

```
Signal[k] = new RooHistPdf(signal[k], "sigPdf", RooArgSet(*Valx, *Valy), *SigHistMC[k], 1);
```

```
BifStudent2Dpdf[k] = new RooBifStudent2D(bifStudent2Dpdf[k], bifStudent2Dpdf[k], *Valx[k], *Valy[k],  
m, g1, g2, fg, N1, N1, RooConst(MaxValue[k]), RooConst(MaxValue[k]), argus_pax, argus_pay, argus_exp,  
argus_ncpy);
```

```
BifStudent2Dpdf[k] = new RooBifStudent2D(bifStudent2Dpdf[k], bifStudent2Dpdf[k], *Valx, *Valy,  
m, g1, g2, fg, N1, N1, RooConst(MaxValue[k]), RooConst(MaxValue[k]), argus_pax, argus_pay, argus_exp,  
argus_ncpy);
```

```
MySumPdf[k] = new RooAddPdf(mysumPdf[k], mysumPdf[k], RooArgList(*Signal[k], *BifStudent2Dpdf[k]),  
RooArgList(*NSignal[k], *NBifStudent2Dpdf[k]));
```

```
MySumPdf[k] = new RooAddPdf(mysumPdf[k], mysumPdf[k], RooArgList(*Signal[k], *BifStudent2Dpdf[k]),  
RooArgList(*NSignal[k], *NBifStudent2Dpdf[k]));
```

```
RooSimultaneous simPdf("simPdf", "simultaneous pdf", sample);  
for(int k=INIENERGY; k<TOTENERGY; k++)  
{  
    simPdf.addPdf(*MySumPdf[k], SamplesStr[k]);  
}
```

```
RooSimultaneous simPdf("simPdf", "simultaneous pdf", sample);  
for(int k=INIENERGY; k<TOTENERGY; k++)  
{  
    simPdf.addPdf(*MySumPdf[k], SamplesStr[k]);  
}
```

```
RooFitResult *result = simPdf.fitTo(*combData, Save(kTRUE));
```

```
RooFitResult *result = simPdf.fitTo(*combData, Save(kTRUE));
```

My fitting code

定义六个（组）变量

定义一个全局变量

```
COVARIANCE MATRIX CALCULATED SUCCESSFULLY
FCN=-102.172 FROM HESSE STATUS=OK 83 CALLS 504 TOTAL
EDM=3.8692e-06 STRATEGY= 1 ERROR MATRIX ACCURATE
EXT PARAMETER INTERNAL INTERNAL
NO. NAME VALUE ERROR STEP SIZE VALUE
1 Brfpi0 1.70047e-04 6.65442e-05 1.21753e-03 -7.22907e-01
2 N1 2.32322e-01 5.50958e-01 3.73933e-03 -1.13627e+00
3 g2 4.39167e-02 3.00510e-02 1.00952e-03 -1.14854e+00
4 m -1.62060e-03 6.13531e-04 4.27280e-05 -1.62067e-02
5 nstu_4600 1.31275e+00 1.29050e+00 7.89190e-04 -1.34114e+00
6 nstu_4640 2.82509e+00 1.88228e+00 7.85131e-04 -1.23303e+00
7 nstu_4660 4.94613e+00 2.23196e+00 7.21164e-04 -1.12225e+00
8 nstu_4680 3.95564e+00 2.01949e+00 7.25755e-04 -1.17035e+00
9 nstu_4700 1.82437e+00 1.51941e+00 7.89858e-04 -1.29983e+00
ERR DEF= 0.5
```

```
COVARIANCE MATRIX CALCULATED SUCCESSFULLY
FCN=-104.732 FROM HESSE STATUS=OK 91 CALLS 808 TOTAL
EDM=8.46888e-05 STRATEGY= 1 ERROR MATRIX ACCURATE
EXT PARAMETER INTERNAL INTERNAL
NO. NAME VALUE ERROR STEP SIZE VALUE
1 Brfpi0 1.44926e-04 5.94818e-05 2.38478e-04 -7.92144e-01
2 N1 1.22675e-03 7.37980e-03 6.48896e-03 -1.53947e+00
3 g2 4.71251e-01 6.59251e-01 1.94753e-01 -5.75291e-02
4 m -1.54494e-03 5.67780e-04 1.25957e-03 -1.54500e-02
5 nstu_4600 1.38092e+00 1.33984e+00 1.61562e-04 -1.33523e+00
6 nstu_4640 3.42261e+00 1.95915e+00 3.04661e-05 -1.19865e+00
7 nstu_4660 5.00718e+00 2.23459e+00 1.45434e-04 -1.11944e+00
8 nstu_4680 4.05028e+00 2.02275e+00 1.45619e-04 -1.16552e+00
9 nstu_4700 2.20743e+00 1.55400e+00 1.49793e-04 -1.27254e+00
ERR DEF= 0.5
```

my result 6 variables	$(1.72 \pm 0.67) \times 10^{-4} \ 4.1\sigma$
my result global variable	$(1.47 \pm 0.60) \times 10^{-4} \ 3.9\sigma$

高扬 Λ_c^+ $\rightarrow n\pi^+$ 例子

定义两个变量

```
RooRealVar val("mrecsignB", "#font[12]{M}_{rec} (GeV/#it{c}^{\{2\}})", 0.85, 1.34);  
RooRealVar val2("mrecsignB", "#font[12]{M}_{rec} (GeV/#it{c}^{\{2\}})", 0.85, 1.34);  
RooDataSet data("data", "data", t_d, val);
```

```
TTree *t_s = t_sideband->CopyTree("mbc>2.235&&mbc<2.27&&mrecsignB>0.85&&mrecsignB<1.34");  
RooDataSet sigsetS("sigsetS", "sigsetS", t_s, val2);
```

```
RooChebychev bkgNL("bkgNL", "background no LcLc p.d.f", val, RooArgList(cn0, cn1));  
RooChebychev bkgNL2("bkgNL2", "background no LcLc p.d.f2", val2, RooArgList(cn0, cn1));
```

```
RooAddPdf sum0("sum0", "sum0", RooArgList(sigA, sigB, sigC, bkgPdfLcLc, bkgNL), RooArgList(nsigA, nsigB, nsigC, nbkgL, nbkgNLS));
```

```
RooAddPdf sum0("sum0", "sum0", RooArgList(sigA, sigB, sigC, bkgPdfLcLc, bkgNL), RooArgList(nsigA, nsigB, nsigC, nbkgL, nbkgNLS));
```

```
RooAddPdf sumNL("sumNL", "sumNL", RooArgList(bkgNL2), RooArgList(nbkgNL));
```

```
RooAbsReal *ll1=sum0.createNLL(data);  
RooAbsReal *ll2=sumNL.createNLL(sigsetS);  
//RooAbsReal *ll3=sumcN.createNLL(toymc);  
//RooAbsReal *ll3=sumcN.createNLL(*cNDistribution);  
  
RooAddition* ll = new RooAddition("ll", "ll", RooArgSet(*ll1,*ll2));  
  
RooMinuit m(*ll);  
  
m.migrad();  
m.hesse();
```

定义一个变量

```
RooRealVar val("mrecsignB", "#font[12]{M}_{rec} (GeV/#it{c}^{\{2\}})", 0.85, 1.34);  
RooDataSet data("data", "data", t_d, val);
```

```
TTree *t_s = t_sideband->CopyTree("mbc>2.235&&mbc<2.27&&mrecsignB>0.85&&mrecsignB<1.34");  
RooDataSet sigsetS("sigsetS", "sigsetS", t_s, val);
```

```
RooChebychev bkgNL("bkgNL", "background no LcLc p.d.f", val, RooArgList(cn0, cn1));
```

```
RooAddPdf sumNL("sumNL", "sumNL", RooArgList(bkgNL), RooArgList(nbkgNL));
```

```
RooAbsReal *ll1=sum0.createNLL(data);  
RooAbsReal *ll2=sumNL.createNLL(sigsetS);  
//RooAbsReal *ll3=sumcN.createNLL(toymc);  
//RooAbsReal *ll3=sumcN.createNLL(*cNDistribution);  
  
RooAddition* ll = new RooAddition("ll", "ll", RooArgSet(*ll1,*ll2));  
  
RooMinuit m(*ll);  
  
m.migrad();  
m.hesse();
```


高扬 $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow n\pi^+$ 例子

定义两个变量

```
FIRST CALL TO USER FUNCTION AT NEW START POINT, WITH IFLAG=4.
COVARIANCE MATRIX CALCULATED SUCCESSFULLY
FCN=-10894.3 FROM HESSE STATUS=OK 110 CALLS 555 TOTAL
EDM=5.96328e-05 STRATEGY= 1 ERROR MATRIX ACCURATE
```

EXT NO.	PARAMETER NAME	VALUE	ERROR	INTERNAL STEP SIZE	INTERNAL VALUE
1	cN	1.01354e+00	constant		
2	cn0	8.24808e-01	7.51161e-02	4.85778e-04	8.25746e-02
3	cn1	1.75835e-01	7.27001e-02	4.81604e-04	1.75844e-02
4	meanA	2.56591e-03	3.03472e-03	2.29366e-02	2.59494e-01
5	meanB	1.00351e-03	8.32516e-04	5.99908e-03	1.00520e-01
6	meanC	5.34747e-05	8.24902e-04	5.93087e-03	5.34750e-03
7	nbkgL	2.67153e+02	2.72077e+01	3.80482e-03	-4.84418e-01
8	nbkgNL	2.51517e+02	1.50555e+01	5.09054e-03	2.60521e-01
9	nsigA	4.97805e+01	8.97765e+00	1.25326e-02	-4.38946e-03
10	nsigB	3.76115e+02	2.20679e+01	7.76117e-03	4.66094e-01
11	nsigC	3.42516e+02	2.23295e+01	7.25174e-03	3.04766e-01
12	sigma	3.42511e-03	1.39043e-03	2.07653e-02	-3.20434e-01

定义一个变量

```
FIRST CALL TO USER FUNCTION AT NEW START POINT, WITH IFLAG=4.
COVARIANCE MATRIX CALCULATED SUCCESSFULLY
FCN=-10894.3 FROM HESSE STATUS=OK 110 CALLS 555 TOTAL
EDM=5.96328e-05 STRATEGY= 1 ERROR MATRIX ACCURATE
```

EXT NO.	PARAMETER NAME	VALUE	ERROR	INTERNAL STEP SIZE	INTERNAL VALUE
1	cN	1.01354e+00	constant		
2	cn0	8.24808e-01	7.51161e-02	4.85778e-04	8.25746e-02
3	cn1	1.75835e-01	7.27001e-02	4.81604e-04	1.75844e-02
4	meanA	2.56591e-03	3.03472e-03	2.29366e-02	2.59494e-01
5	meanB	1.00351e-03	8.32516e-04	5.99908e-03	1.00520e-01
6	meanC	5.34747e-05	8.24902e-04	5.93087e-03	5.34750e-03
7	nbkgL	2.67153e+02	2.72077e+01	3.80482e-03	-4.84418e-01
8	nbkgNL	2.51517e+02	1.50555e+01	5.09054e-03	2.60521e-01
9	nsigA	4.97805e+01	8.97765e+00	1.25326e-02	-4.38946e-03
10	nsigB	3.76115e+02	2.20679e+01	7.76117e-03	4.66094e-01
11	nsigC	3.42516e+02	2.23295e+01	7.25174e-03	3.04766e-01
12	sigma	3.42511e-03	1.39043e-03	2.07653e-02	-3.20434e-01

结果完全一致，猜测是因为代码结构导致我的结果不同，需要进一步研究